## MR Magnets

Shu Nakamura, Ryuichi Ueki, Masashi Furusawa, Yasunobu Ohsawa, Mika Masuzawa

## Contents

- Skew sextupole magnets for non-linear collimator
- New power supplies
- IR restoration
- Some failures in the power supply
- Summary

# Skew sextupole magnets for non-linear collimator

R. Uek

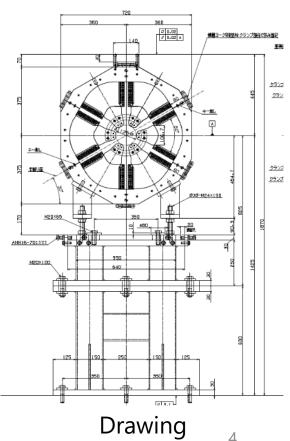
- Since obtaining a hollow conductor took more than ten months, the skew sextupole magnets would not be ready for operation in fall 2023 if new coils were fabricated.
- The steel yokes were newly fabricated; one set of coils was reused from a spare sextupole magnet (SL300), and another set was used from spare coils.
- The sextupole magnets were delivered at the end of August.
- Magnetic field measurement was done in the first week of September.
- Next week, the skew sextupole magnets were installed in the beamline.



Luminated iron yokes



Sextupole magnets for NLC



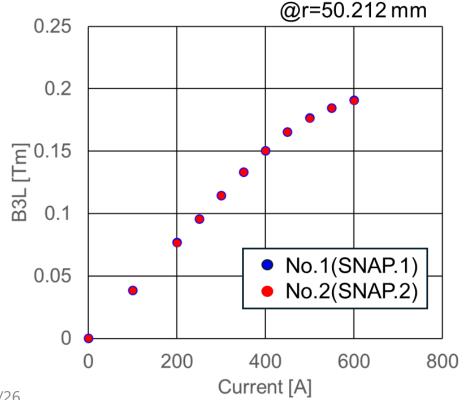
#### Magnetic field measurement of skew sextupole magnets

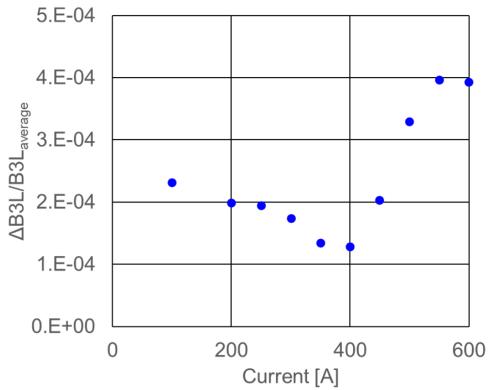
- The operation current is 227 A.
- The difference between each magnet's value and the average value in  $B_3L$  is about  $2\times10^{-4}$ .

The pair of skew sextupole magnets are driven by the same power supply, so the difference in B<sub>3</sub>L appears as it is.

However, the difference is acceptable.







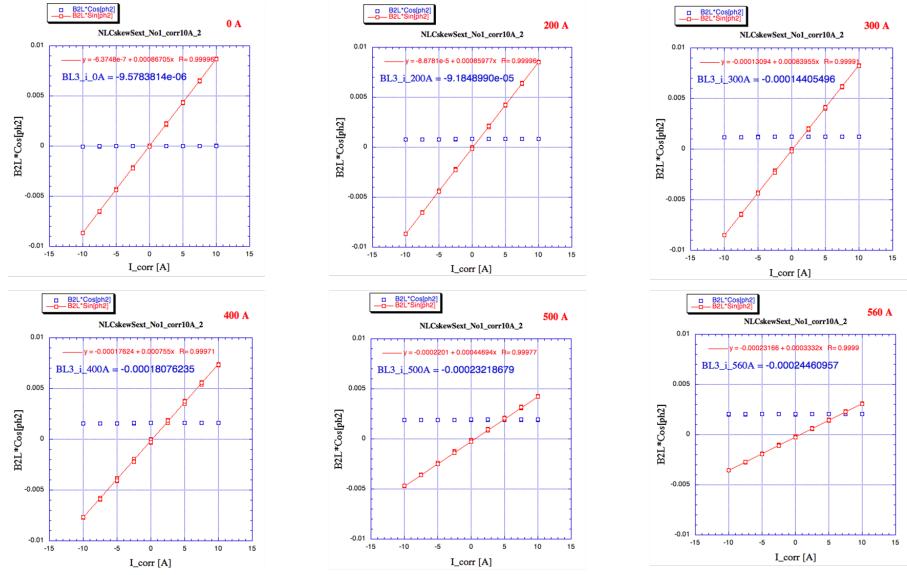
2024/3/26

5

 Each skew sextupole magnet has trim coils, and the trim coils were connected to generate a skew quadrupole field.

R. Ueki

•  $B_2L$  sensitivity depends on the main sextupole coil current due to the saturation of the iron yoke.



2024/3/26

Correction coil excitation curve

#### Works in Oho straight section during LS1





Processing baseplate



Production and alignment new baseplate



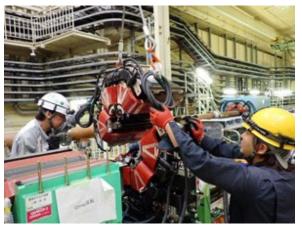
Processing Q-mag stand



Installation beam chamber



Alignment of Q-mag



Installation of SNAP

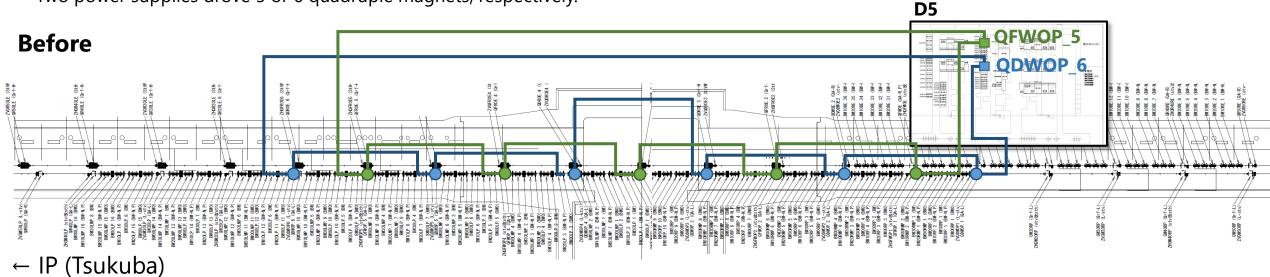


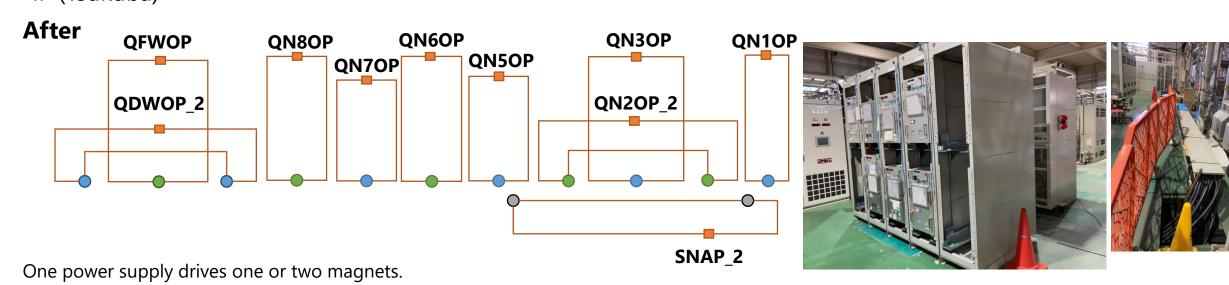
Alignment and survey

# New Power supplies

#### Magnets and power supplies configuration

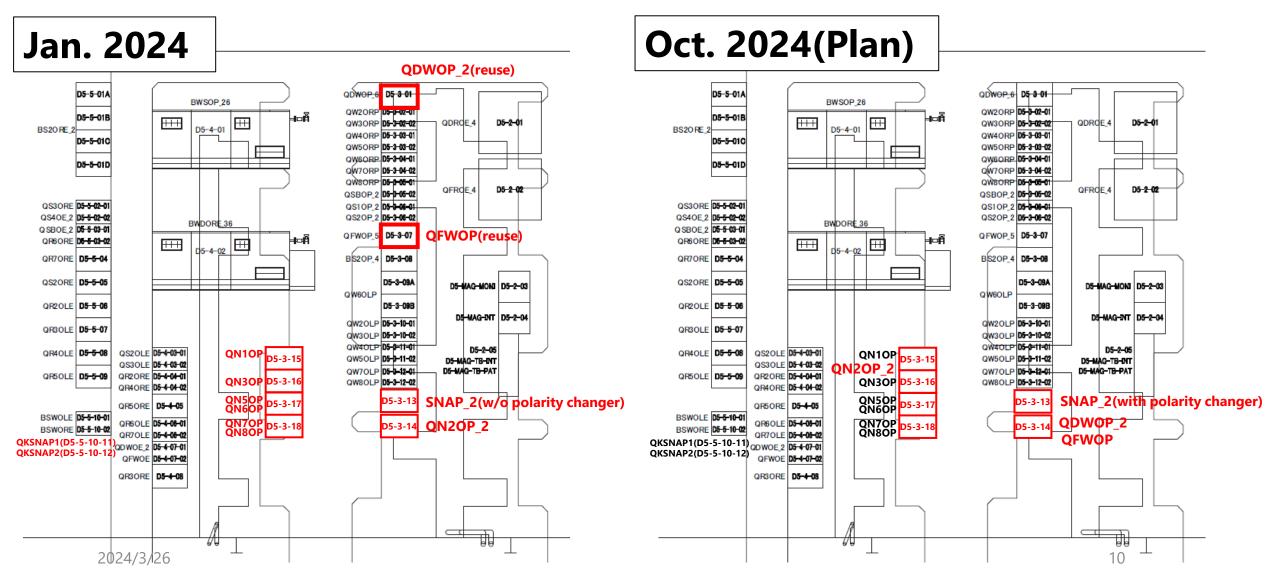
Two power supplies drove 5 or 6 quadruple magnets, respectively.



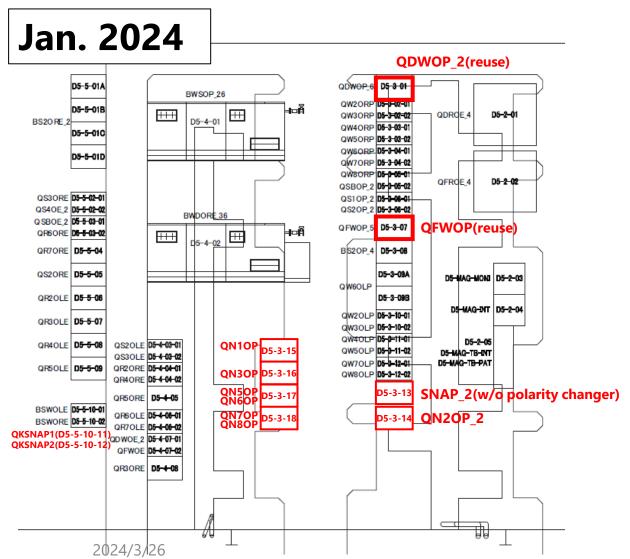


#### **Power supplies arrangement**

Ten power supplies for Q and skew sextupole magnet are needed. Two small PSs for the trim coil are needed.



#### Power supplies arrangement(cont.)



Production of 10 (+ spare) new power supplies has started. Contract signed in April 2022. Delivery was scheduled for March 2023.

However, due to COVID-19 and other factors, delivery within LS1 (by summer 2023) was impossible. As a result, the newly manufactured power supplies were delivered in March 2024.

The required number of power supplies was secured by reusing PSs, borrowing spare PS in DR, and restarting power supplies that had been stored for parts removal. (Thereby ensuring the required number of units plus one.)

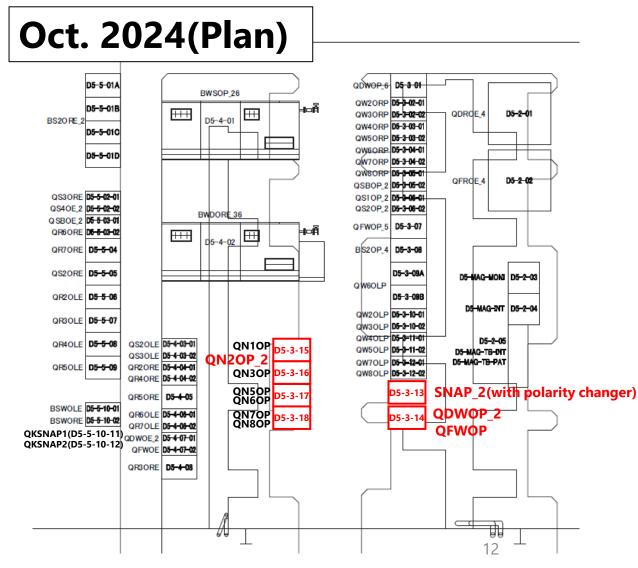
However, in October 2023, a PF's power supply failed, and a power supply with a compatible rated output was lent. Thus, we are currently operating without a spare PS.

#### **Power supplies arrangement(cont.)**

Skew sextupole magnets need to change the polarity. A power supply with a polarity changer has to be used. However, the alternative power supply does not have the polarity changer, so an extension cable is used.



The installation of the newly manufactured power supplies will be held during the shutdown in the summer of 2024.
Ready for the power supply arrangement change, the power cables were wired at an extra length.



### Works in D5 power supply building





Delivery and storage the power supplies.







Reinforcement with steel to install the racks over the cable pits.





Power cable connection.





Additional breakers were added to the distribution board.

# IR restoration

## Works in Tsukuba straight section during LS1



QCSL moving forward



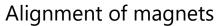
QCSR moving forward



Magnets restoration









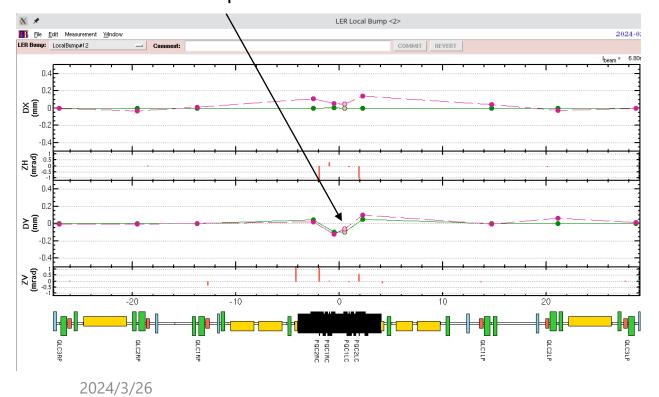
Survey of magnets at L and R side



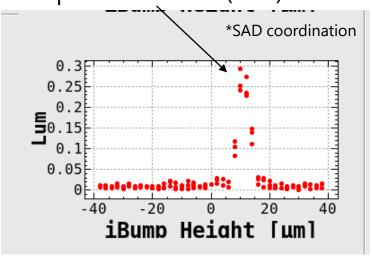
#### First collision tuning (Feb. 19)

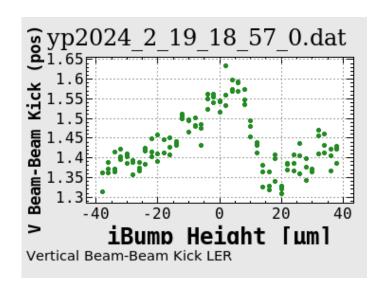
The difference between both beam was 85 um.

#### LER local bump -100 um



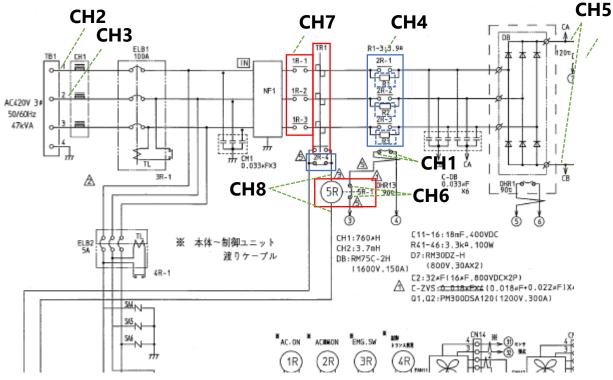
#### iBump vertical offset (HER) 15 um





## Some failures in the power supply

#### Unintended interlock triggering



CH1: Thermoswitch (Open at high temp.)

CH2,3 : AC current (1A/1mV)

CH4: Drive voltage of Contactor#2(2R) (10V/1V, AC100V)

CH5 : DC voltage (500V/1V)

CH6: Relay(5R) (Close when voltage is applied.)

Ch7: Drive voltage of Contactor#1(1R) (10V/1V, AC100V)

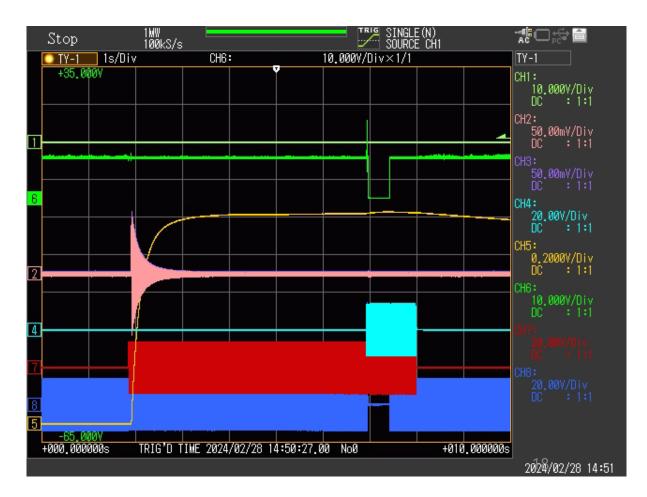
CH8: Drive voltage of the relay(5R) (10V/1V, AC100V)

2024/3/26

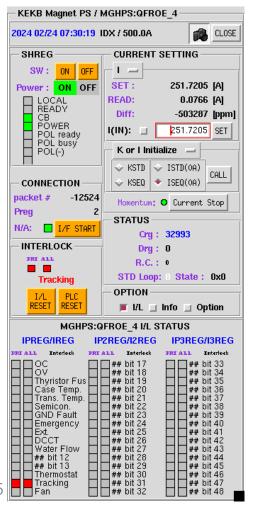
The power supply(SD3ORE\_2) frequently mis-detected interlocks(AC Over Current) and stopped.

The beam operation was also stopped several times.

After these parts were replaced, this phenomenon no longer occurs.



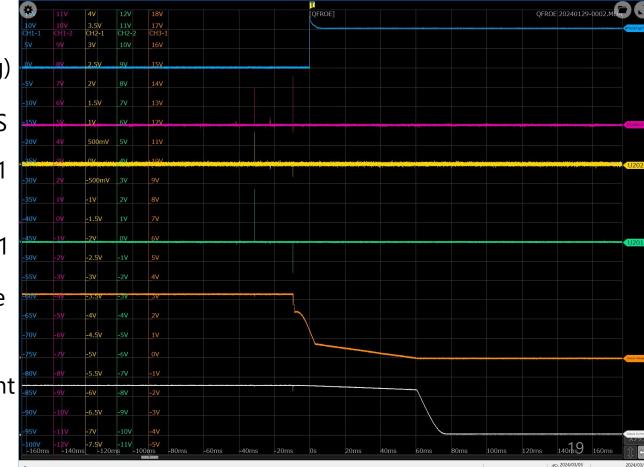
#### Unintended current reduction



The power supply(QFROE\_4) sometimes unintentionally reduces the output current.

The only interlock the power supply displays is "Tracking", but the output current is zero A.

A malfunction due to noise in the control circuit is suspected. The control power supply was replaced, but the problem recurred. Other measures are under consideration.



Tracking(Trig)

Control PS

U202-1

U201-1

Output Voltage

Output Current

## Summary

- Skew sextupole magnets fabricated with new yokes and old coils performed properly and were installed in the beamline.
- New power supplies were not available in time due to COVID-19 and other factors, so a spare power supply and old power supplies were reconditioned to cover the cost.
- New power supplies were delivered this March and will be installed next summer.
- IR restoration is good.
- Some power supplies have problems.