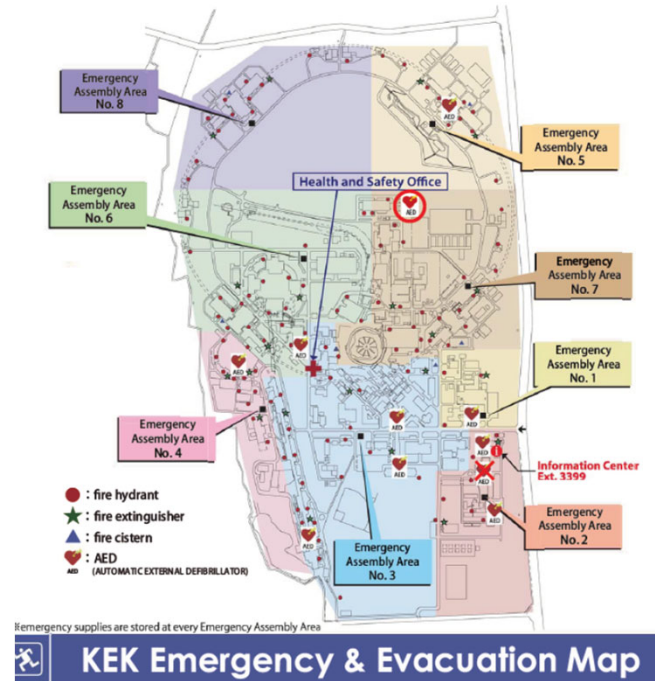


Welcome and short summary of upgrade work (LS1)

Mika Masuzawa, Hiroyasu Ego, Makoto Tobiyama

KEK Accelerator Laboratory

Emergency Assembly Area

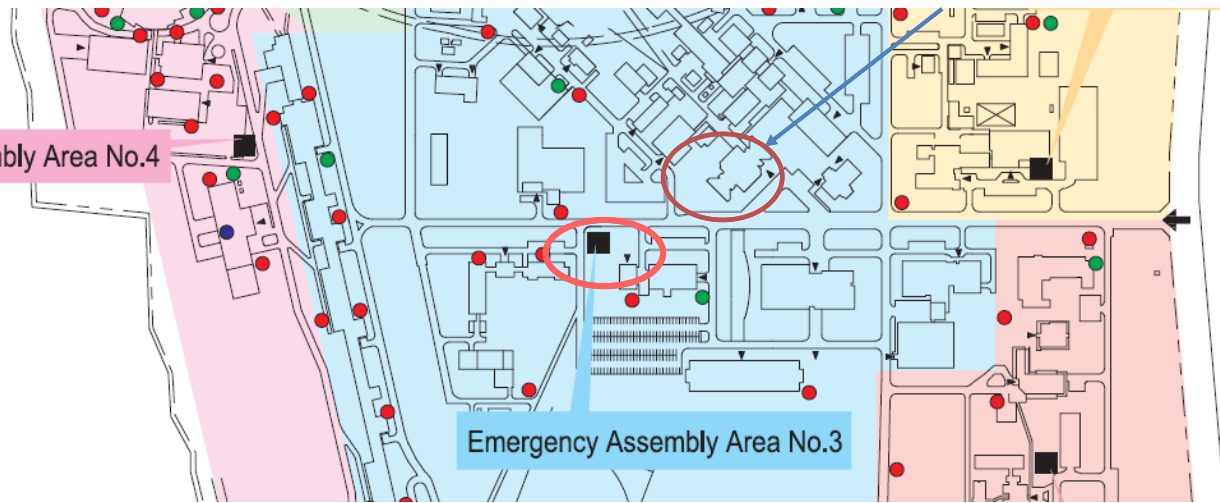


CALL the Information Center
ext. 3399 24h/7d
at the KEK entrance gate
Mobile telephone +81 (0)29 864 5572

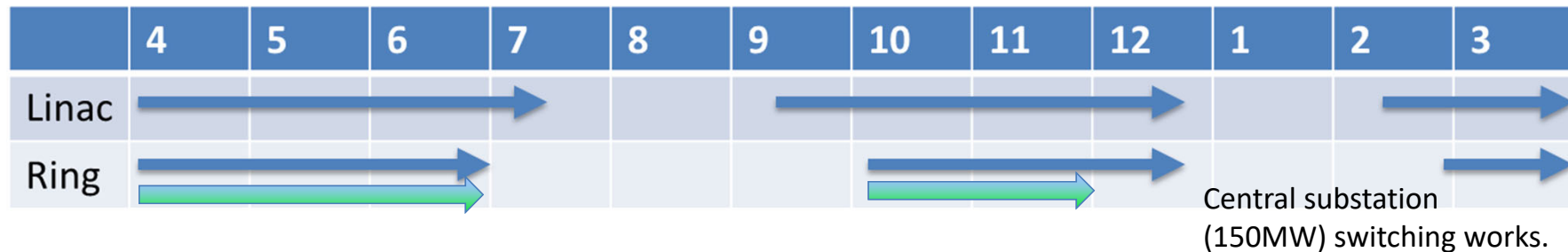
We are here
(3-go-kan)

Emergency Assembly Area No.4

Emergency Assembly Area No.3



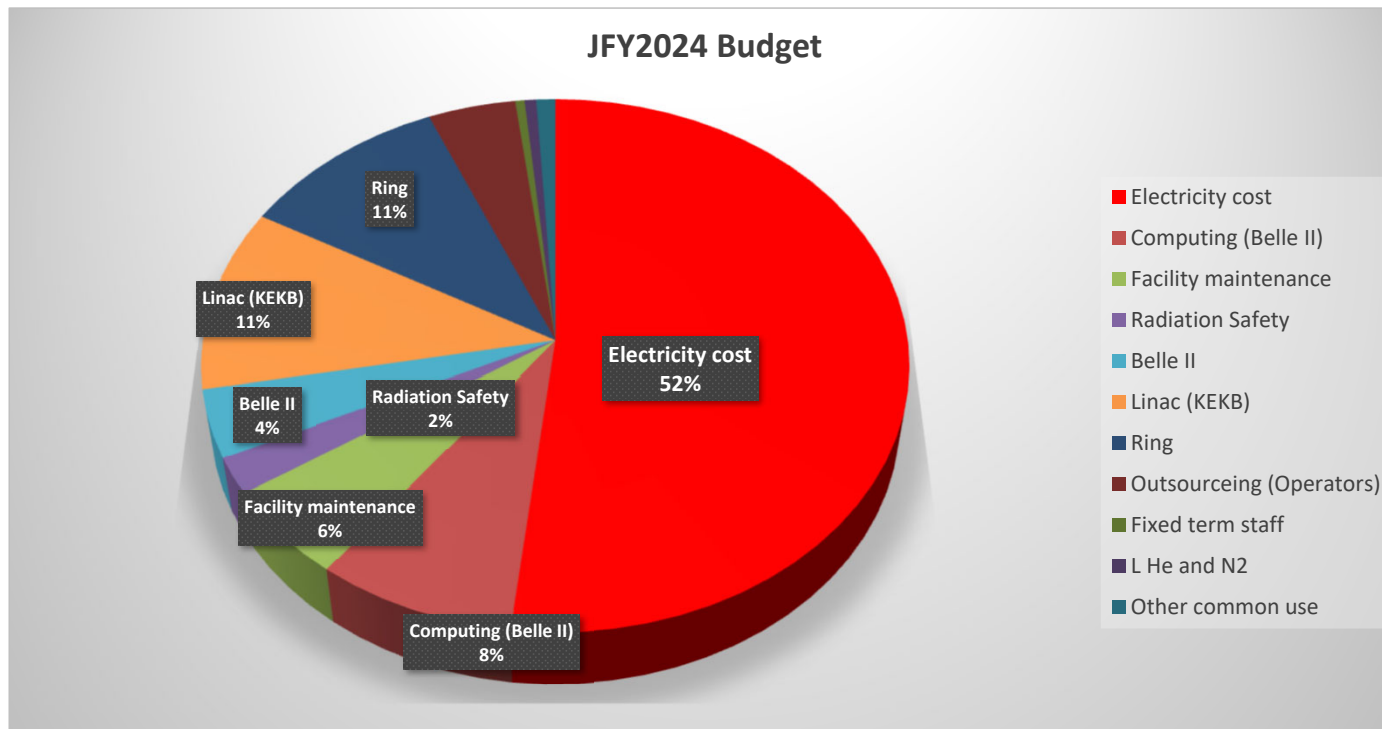
- 25/Mar/2024 – 27/Mar/2024
- <https://superkekb.kek.jp/event/135/>
- <https://us02web.zoom.us/j/82433765439?pwd=Y0R3V2dpYTI2a2t5cnlvRXFTY2Ztdz09>
 - Meeting ID 824 3376 5439
 - Passcode 3300
- A. Hutton*, R. Rimmer, C. Milardi, F. Zimmermann, E. Perevedentsev*, J. Fox, J. Seeman, P. Craievich, M. Sullivan, P. Chiggiato, Q. Qin, R. Assmann, R. Tomas, T. Taylor, K. Oide*
 - * Remote



- With the initial budget allocated by MEXT, it seems likely that the rings will only be able to operate for three months until July (due to huge electricity costs).
- With additional operating budget by KEK, we will be able to operate the rings after summer, maybe 1.5 months.
- If there is a supplemental budget from MEXT, it will be possible to operate in March (and probably in December).

■ Same level as JFY2023

- Budget for JFY2023 was extremely tight, in reality.



■ JFY2023

- Repair of cooling water system, especially inverter system of the pumps.
- Plan have been scaled back and delayed (significantly) due to bidding failures (several times) due to soaring prices and major delays in parts delivery.
- First repairment is scheduled for summer 2024.

■ JFY2024

- The cost of measure to prevent aging of power supplies and magnets will be taken.

■ ACCL 3rd (Head: Kyo Shibata)

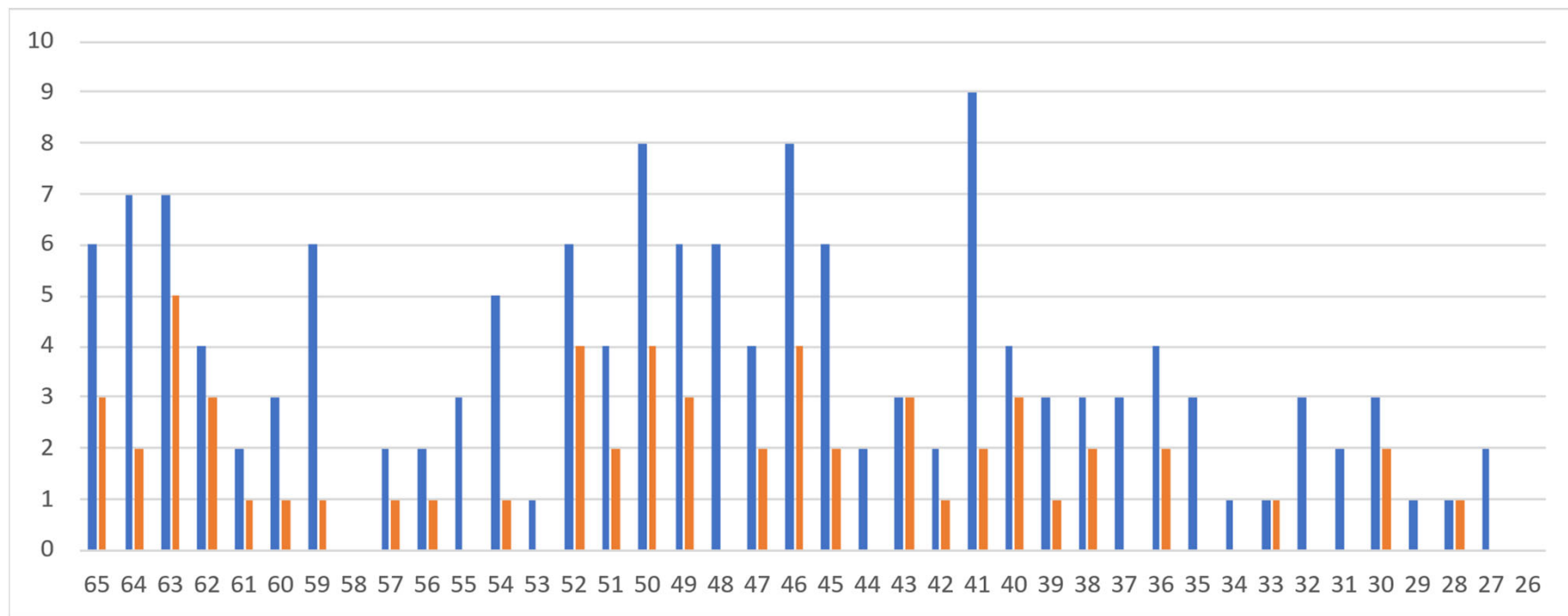
- Safety, Vacuum, RF system, ARES cavity, SC cavity, Cryogenics
- Prof: 3, Assoc Prof: 6, Assist. Prof. 3 , Technical Staff: 9, Senior Staff: 9 PD: 2

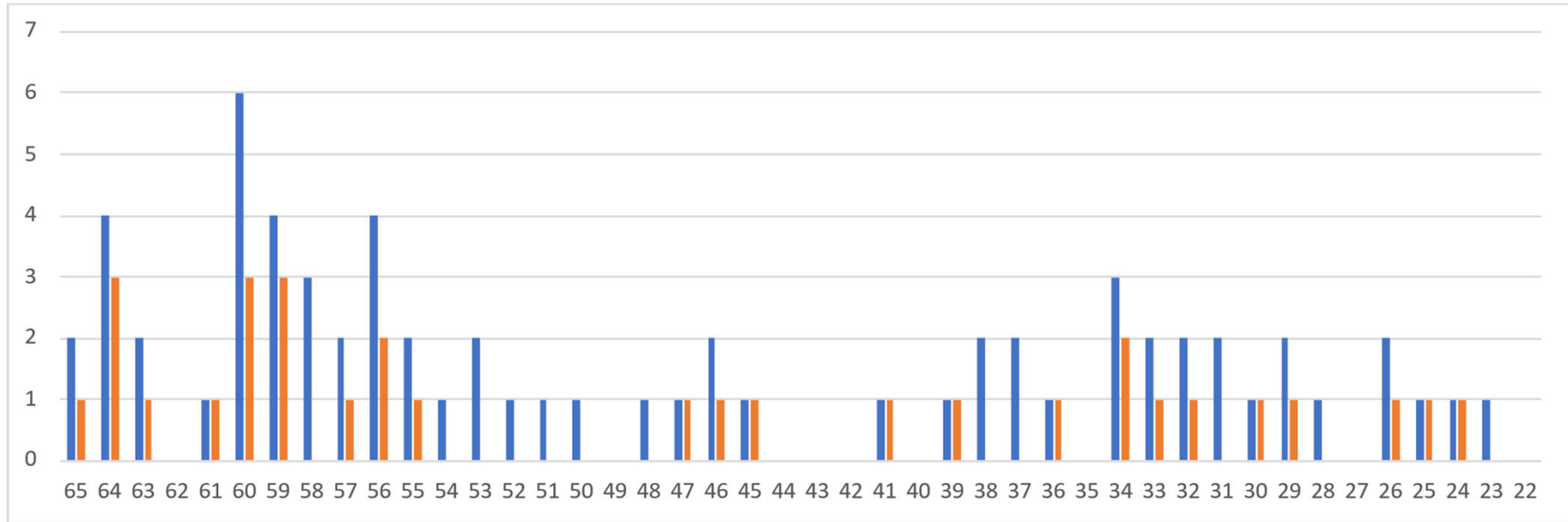
■ ACCL 4th (Head: Makoto Tobiya)

- Control, Beam Transport, Beam Instruments, Magnet, SC Magnet, Commissioning
- Prof. 3, Assoc Prof. 7 Assist Prof : 5, Technical staff: 9, Senior Staff: 8

■ ACCL 5th (Head: Hiroyasu Ego)

- Prof. 6, Assoc Prof. 6, Assist Prof. 5, PD 1, Technical Staff: 7, Senior Staff: 11





■ MNPP-01 (R&D for high energy colliders)

- SLAC, IHEP, CERN, IJCLab, INFN

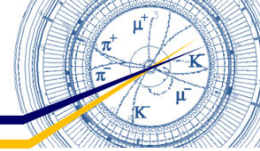
■ US-Japan collaboration

- R&D for SuperKEKB and the next generation high luminosity colliders(SLAC, ANL, BNL, FNAL..)
- Development and Study of Superconducting Magnet Upgrades for SuperKEKB(BNL, FNAL)
- etc..

■ Many young collaborators have been joined the commissioning of the rings after LS1

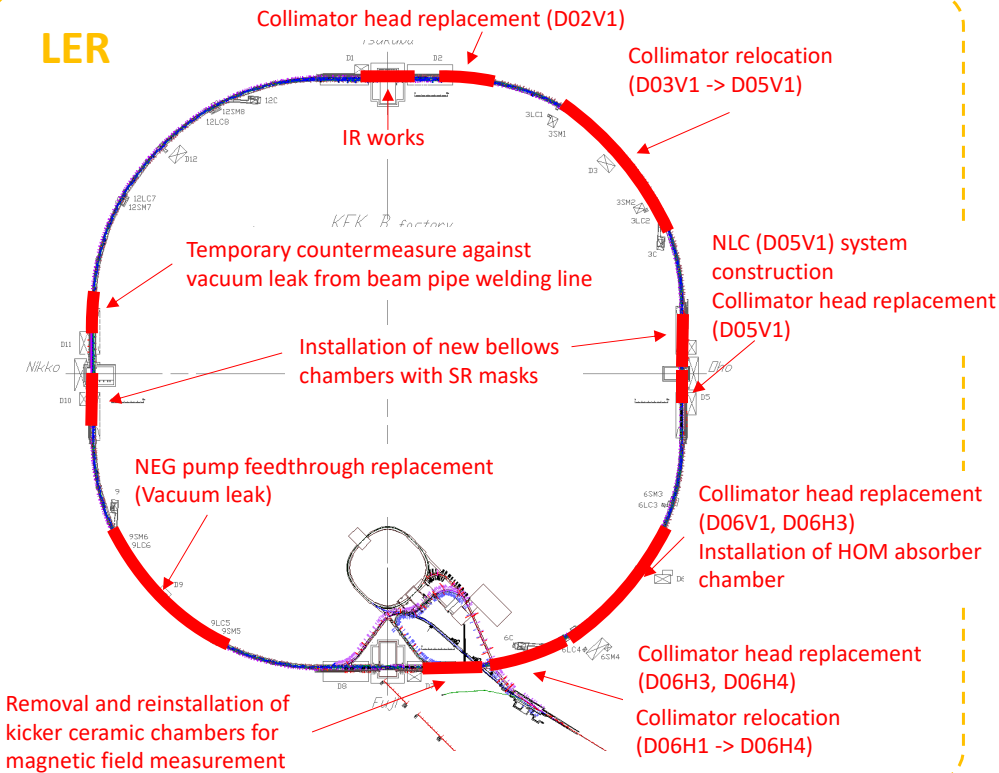
- Supported by EAJADE program in EU.
- >15 young scientists have been contributing.

Vacuum works during LS1 at a glance (MR)

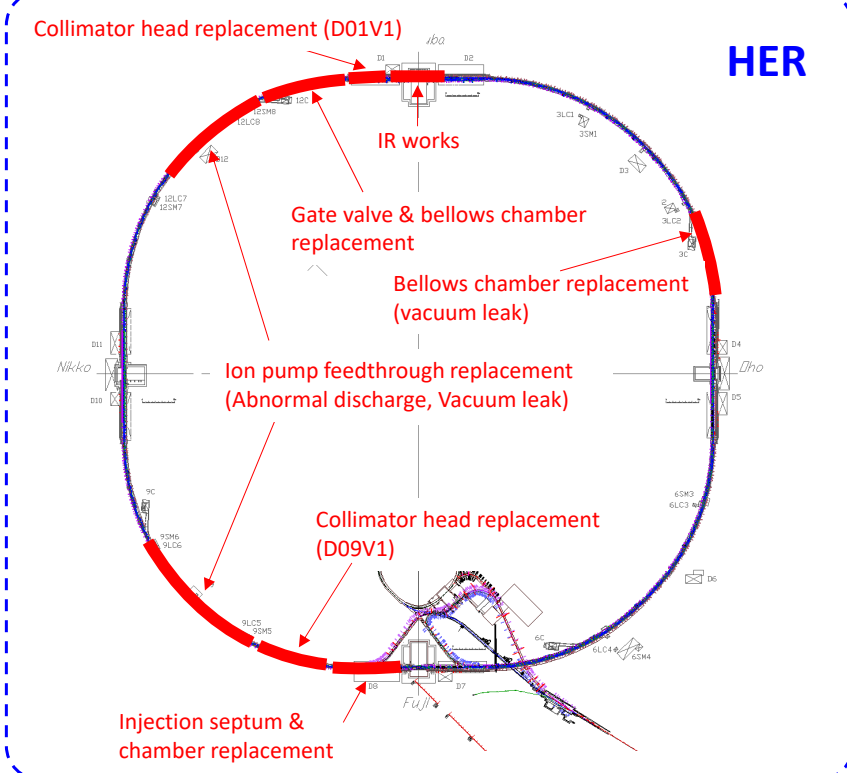


— : Area open to dry nitrogen or atmosphere

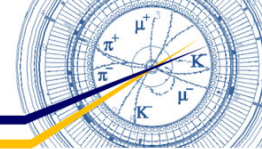
LER



HER



Vacuum works during LS1 at a glance (BT&DR)

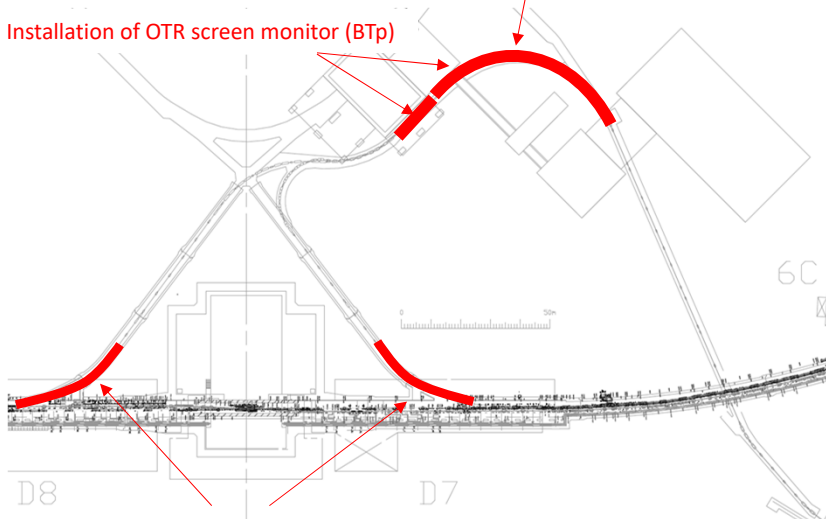


— : Area open to dry nitrogen or atmosphere

BT

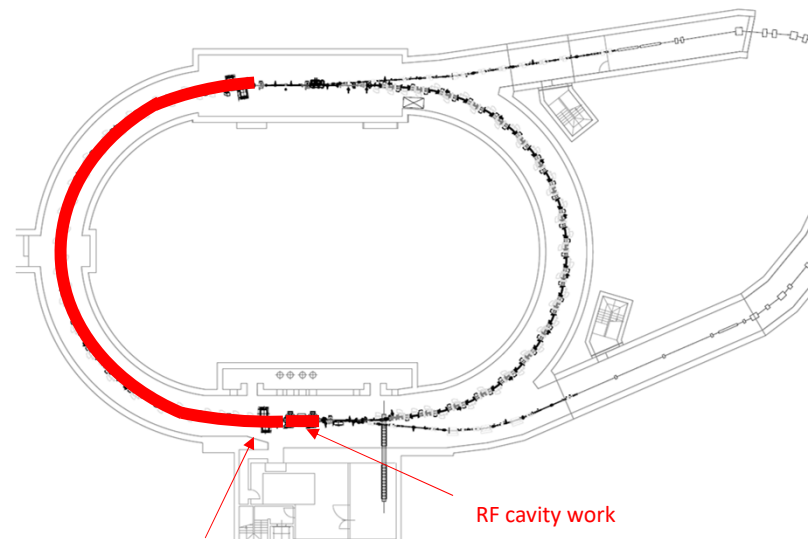
Installation of V-offset bellows chambers (BTp)
Installation of CSR monitor chamber (BTp)

Installation of OTR screen monitor (BTp)



Removal and reinstallation of bellows chambers for magnet alignment (BTe & BTp)

DR



Removal and reinstallation of Ext. kicker chambers for Kicker PS work

Major upgrade items of LS1



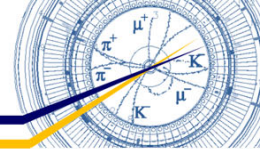
- Replacement of damaged collimator heads on both rings.
- QCSR cryostat vacuum leak
- Aperture enlargement of injection channel and modification of injection final septum of HER.
- IR radiation shield modifications.
- Non-linear collimator at OHO straight section of LER.
- Installment of beam loss monitors/ acoustic sensors/ bunch oscillation monitors to monitor sudden beam loss event.
- DR kicker power supply maintenance.
- Detailed story will be presented by the individual talks.

QCSR 真空漏れ 改修 (1/5)

T. Oki



Aperture enlargement of HER injection channel

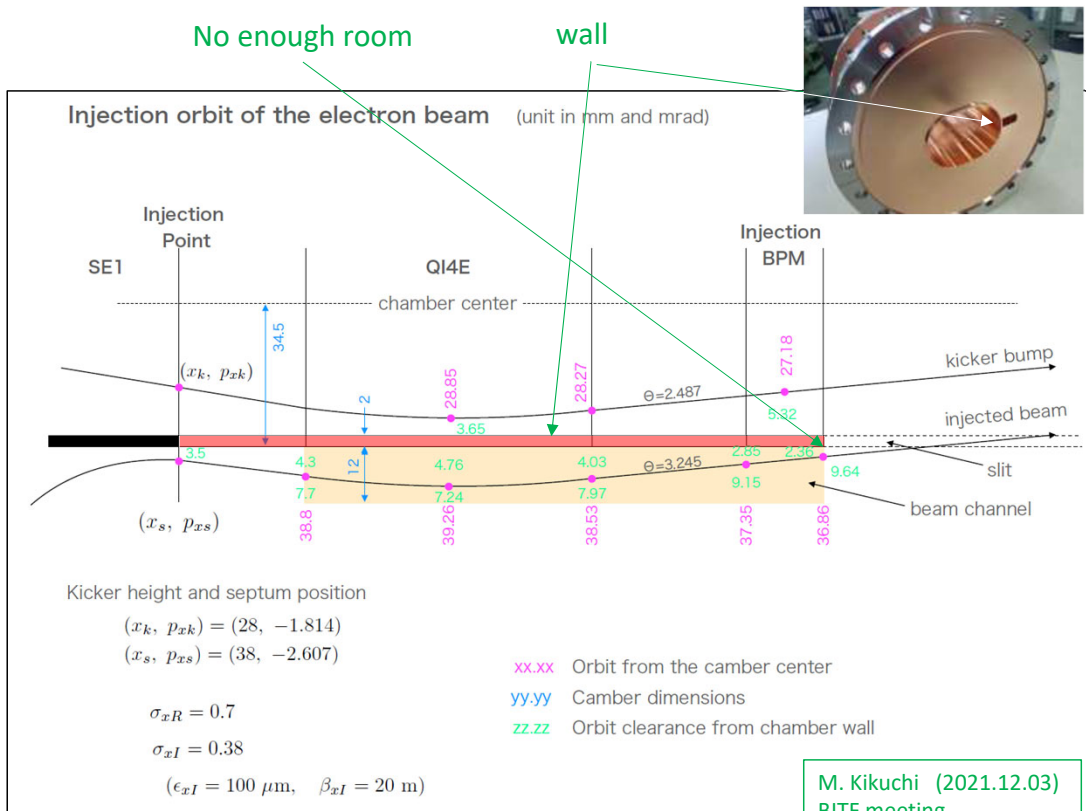
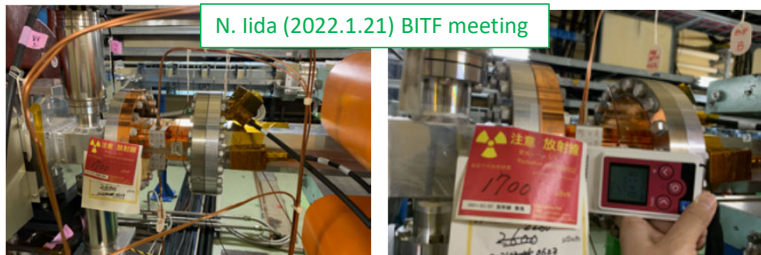


Problem of HER injection

Wall can be an obstacle to injection.

- A wall should be placed between beam channels for stored beam and injected beam.
- Injected beam orbit is too close to the wall.
- High levels of radiation detected at the injection BPM chamber indicates that the injected beam hits the wall.
- It is hard to modify the injection beam orbit.

⇒ it is necessary to enlarge the horizontal aperture of the injection channel.



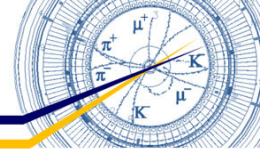
M. Kikuchi (2021.12.03) BITF meeting

What is planned during LS1

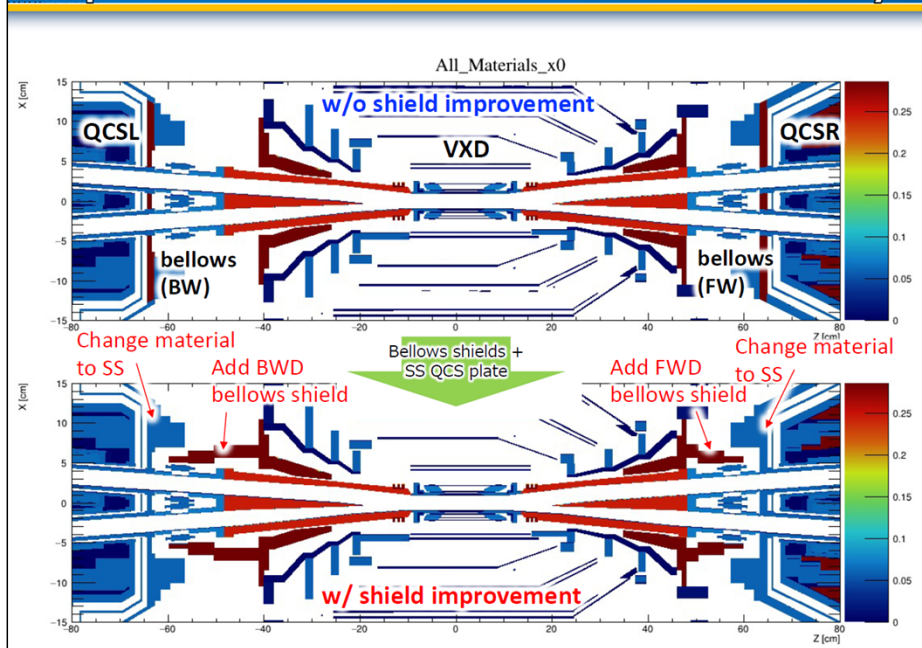
- Replacement of three beam chambers with new ones.
- Update of injection BPM

⇒ More precise injection tuning

IR radiation shield modification



Implementation on Geant4 Geometry

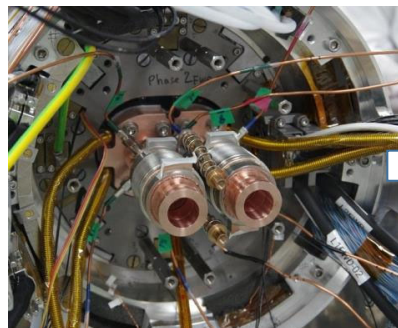


■ Additional shields reduce the beam BG of CDC and TOP well.

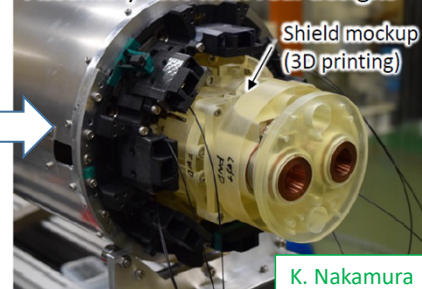
- CDC: 13%~30% for single beam BG, 30~50% for luminosity BG
- TOP: about 20% for both single beam BG and luminosity BG

■ No bad signature on the beam BG of PXD and SVD.

K. Nakamura (2022.02.04)
10th SuperKEKB long-term
operation plan meeting

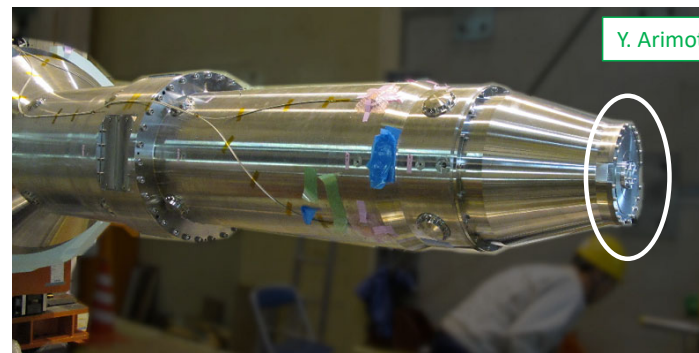


Assembly test with real designs



K. Nakamura

New heavy metal shield on IP bellows



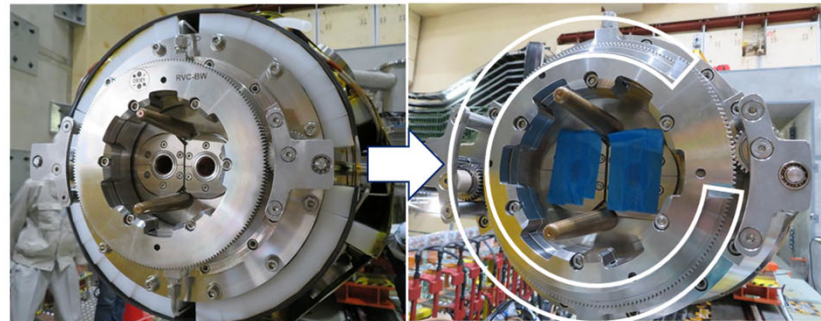
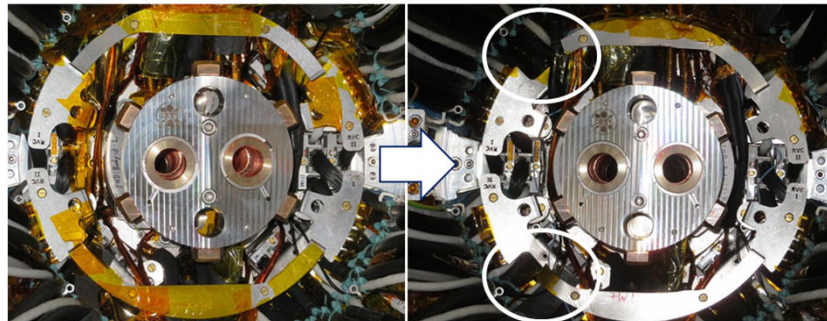
Y. Arimoto

Material change from W to SUS (QCS cryostat front plate)
(Tip of QCS cryostat will be modified to make more space)

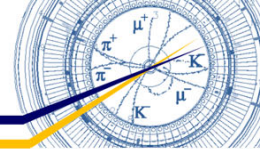
■ Re-tried on 23/Oct/2023 with

- Modified RVC gear
- Modified VXD cable support
- The QCS supports was carefully advanced by Tanaka-san.

■ RVC worked very smoothly- no vacuum leak found.



IR radiation shield modification



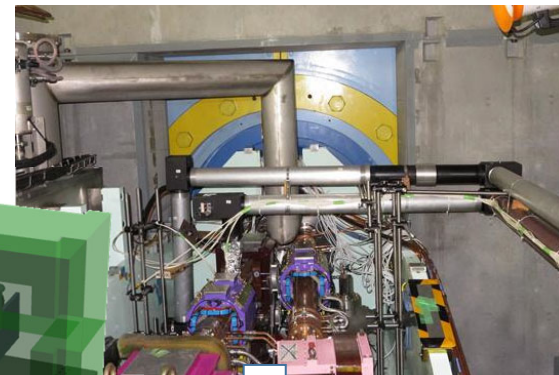
- Additional concrete shield (IR) & polyethylene shield (Belle2)

- For shielding fast neutrons

- New concrete shields and polyethylene (PE) shield will be added to a space that currently has no shield.
- Additional PE shields around QCS are also planned.

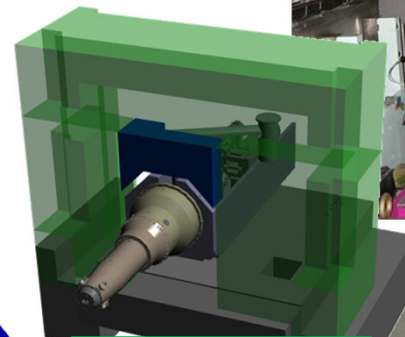
- Expected effects of shield modification

- Physics run with wider collimator setting
- Physics run with larger total currents and bunch current

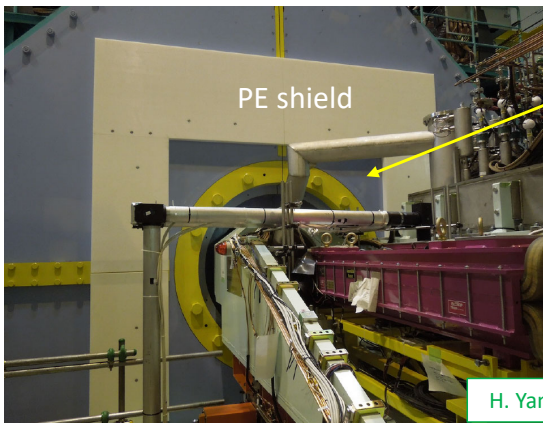


Add concrete shields

shield mockup



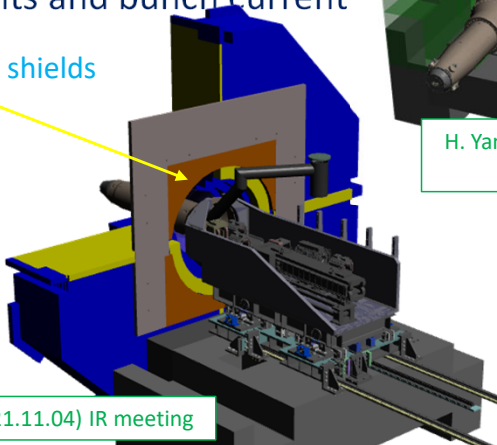
H. Yamaoka (2021.11.04)
IR meeting



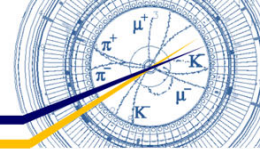
PE shield

Add PE shields

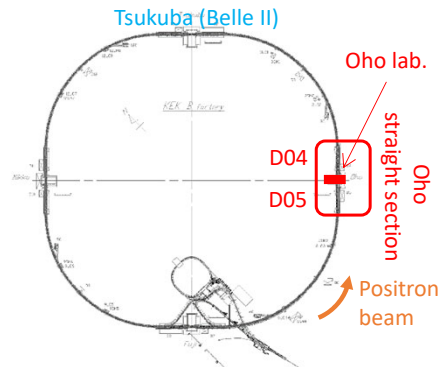
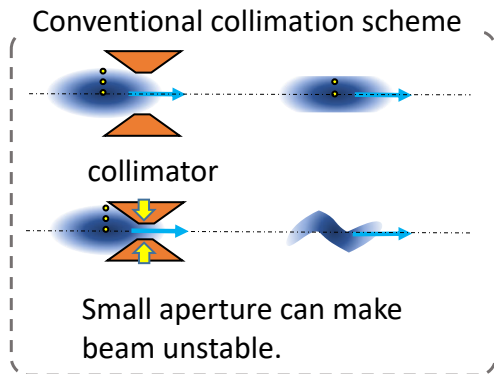
H. Yamaoka (2021.11.04) IR meeting



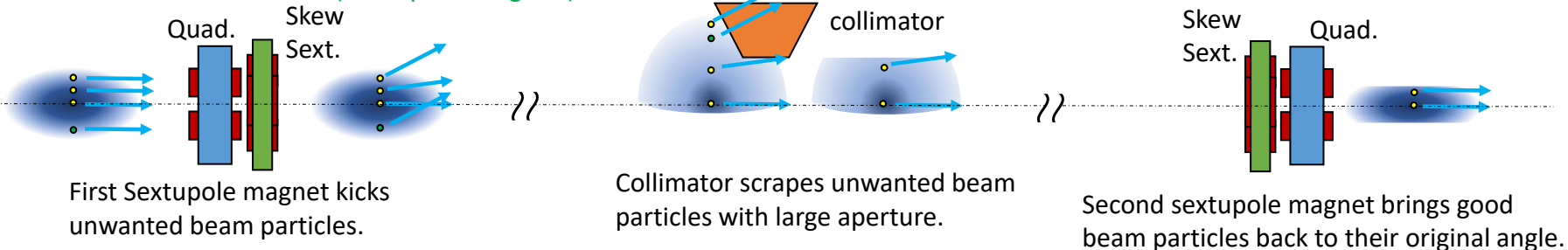
NLC construction



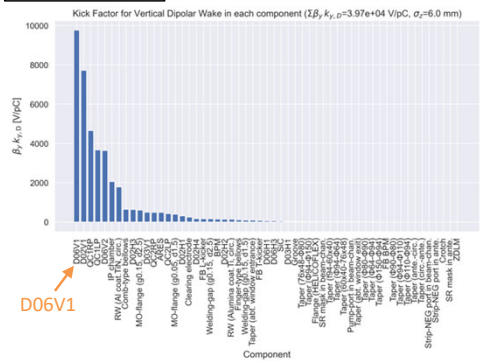
- Non-linear collimator (NLC) is being installed in LER Oho straight section.
 - Impedance of NLC is much lower than that of conventional collimator due to its large aperture.
 - NLC can relax TMCI bunch current limit.
 - Oho straight section is the location where the optics satisfies the requirements for NLC.
 - A part of wiggler magnets need to be removed.
 - New skew sextupole magnets and beam pipes in them need to be fabricated.
 - New power supplies, cabling works and new radiation shields are also required.



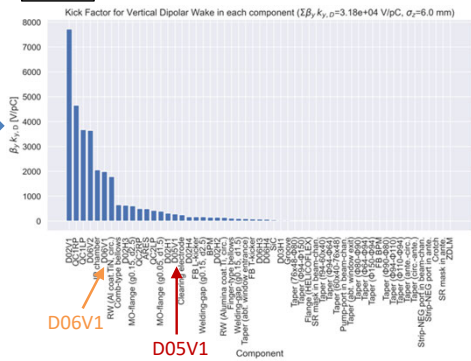
Non-linear collimation scheme (conceptual diagram)



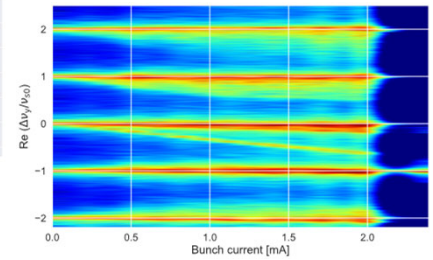
2021c physics run



LS1後

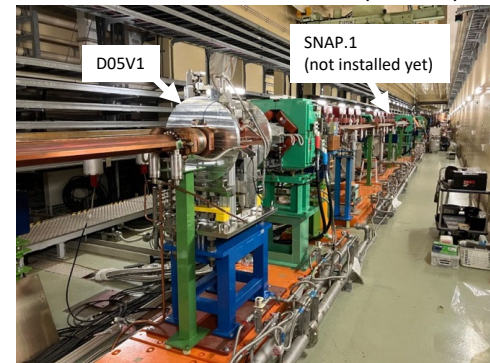


$\beta_y^* = 1$ mm
 $\beta_x^* = 80$ mm

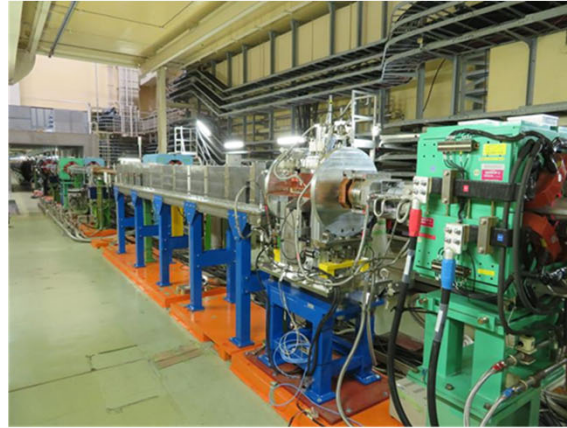


- $\Sigma\beta_y k_y$ will reduce from 3.97×10^4 down to 3.18×10^4 V/pC
- Threshold of TMCI is estimated to increase more than 2. mA/bunch

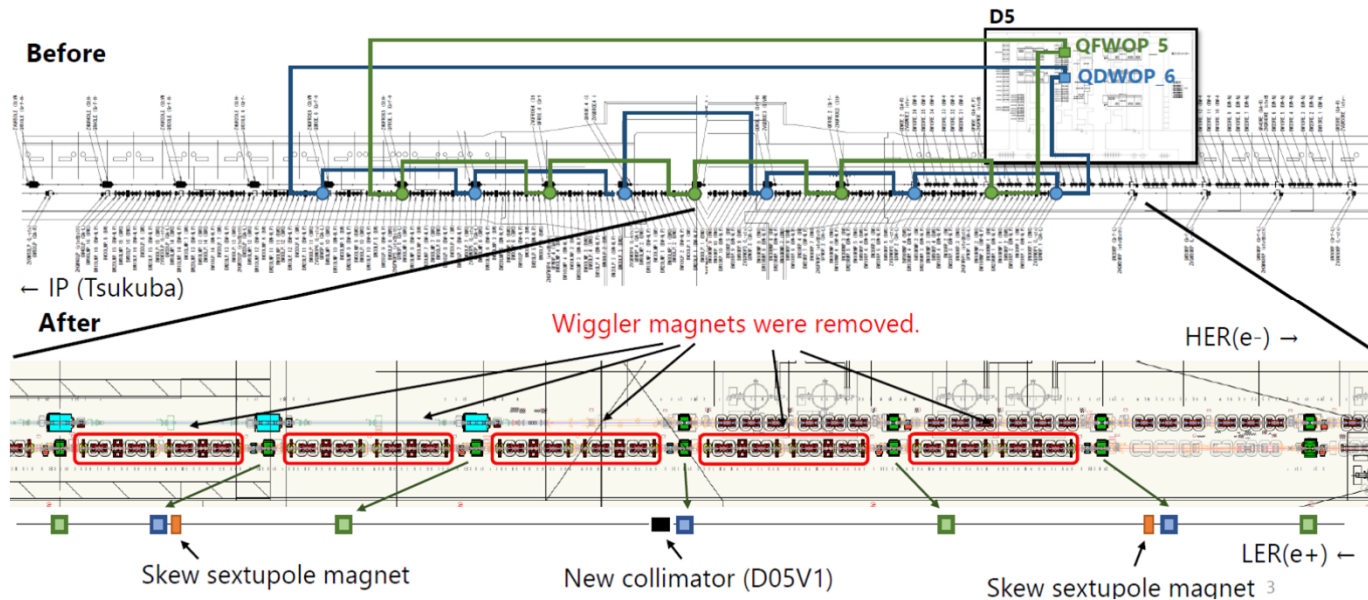
Photo of the non-linear collimator section (2023-05-26)



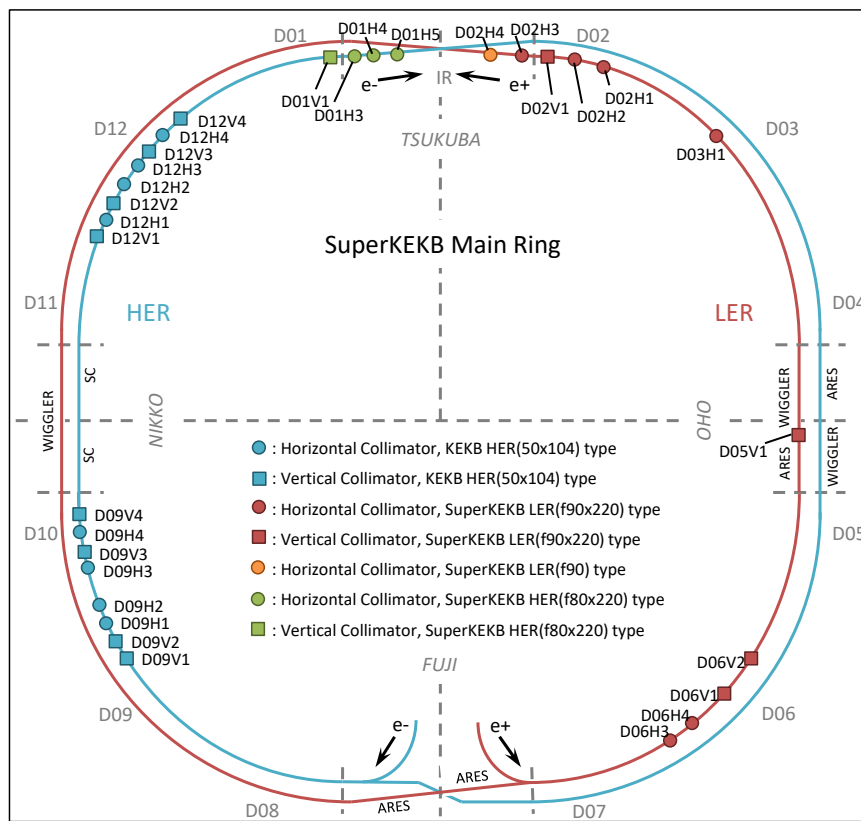
Nonlinear Collimator



Nonlinear Collimator



Other Collimators



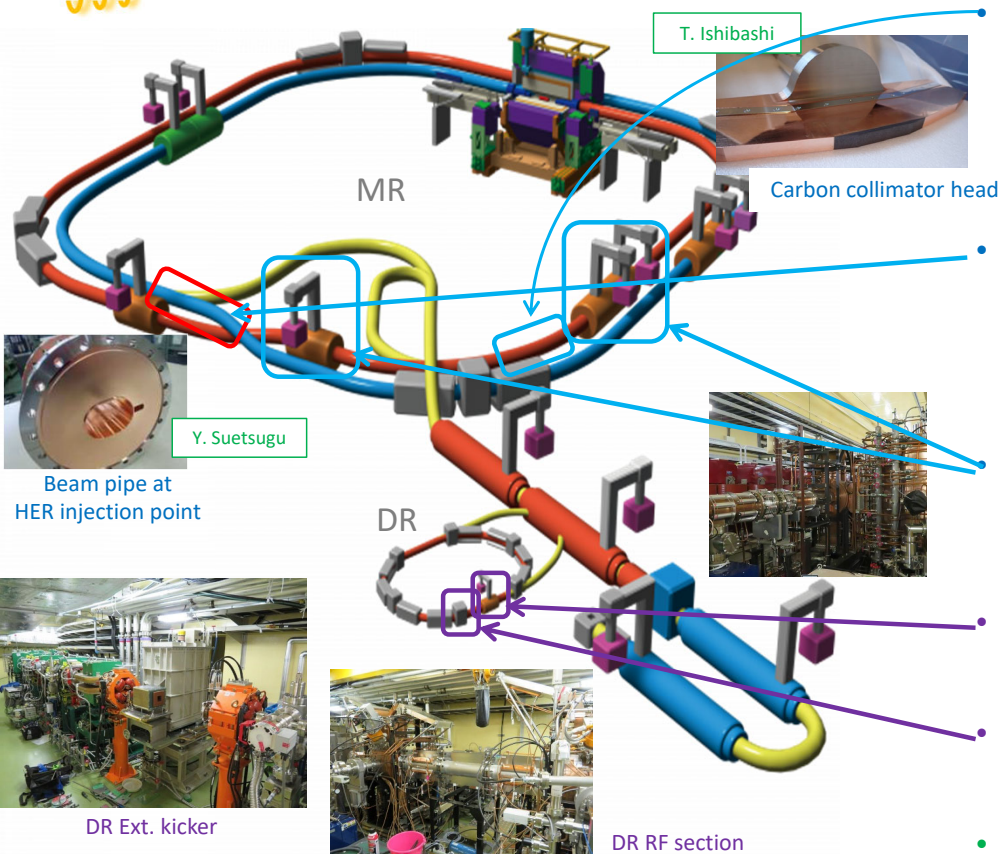
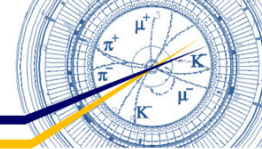
Status of LER collimator

Name	Type	Tip Material (): longitudinal length in mm	Tip Condition	Remarks
D06H3	SuperKEKB	Cu coated C (160)	healthy	spoiler against inj. kickers' accidental firings
D06H4	SuperKEKB	Ta (10)	healthy	absorber against inj. kickers' accidental firings
D03H1	SuperKEKB	W (10)	healthy	
D02H1	SuperKEKB	W (10)	healthy	
D02H2	SuperKEKB	W (10)	healthy	
D02H3	SuperKEKB	W (10)	healthy	
D02H4	SuperKEKB	W (10)	healthy	
D06V1	SuperKEKB	Cu coated Ti (10)	healthy	
D06V2	SuperKEKB	hybrid (3)	healthy	
D05V1	SuperKEKB	Cu coated Ta (4)	healthy	
D02V1	SuperKEKB	Cu coated Ta (10)	healthy	

Name	Type	Tip Material (): longitudinal length in mm	Tip Condition	Drive Mechanism	Remarks
D09H1	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	damaged		
D09H2	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	damaged		
D09H3	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	damaged		
D09H4	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	damaged		
D12H1	KEKB	Ti (40)	healthy		
D12H2	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	damaged		
D12H3	KEKB	Ti (40)	healthy		
D12H4	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	healthy		
D01H3	SuperKEKB	W (10)	healthy	-	
D01H4	SuperKEKB	W (10)	healthy	-	
D01H5	SuperKEKB	W (10)	healthy	-	
D09V1	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	healthy	upgraded	
D09V2	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	healthy		
D09V3	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	healthy		
D09V4	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	healthy		
D12V1	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	damaged	upgraded	
D12V2	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	damaged		
D12V3	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	healthy	upgraded	
D12V4	KEKB	Cu coated Ti (40)	healthy	upgraded	
D01V1	SuperKEKB	Cu coated Ta (10)	healthy	-	

Tip Material (): longitudinal length in mm	Collimator to be installed (assumed)	Remarks
HER vertical: Cu coated Ta (10)	D01V1	Plan to deliver in this fiscal year.
HER vertical: Cu coated Ta (10)	D01V1	Plan to deliver in this fiscal year.
HER vertical: Cu coated Ti (40)	D09V1-V4, D12V1-V4	
HER vertical: Cu coated Ti (40)	D09V1-V4, D12V1-V4	
LER vertical: Cu coated Ta (10)	D02V1	
LER vertical: Cu coated Ta (10)	D02V1	
LER vertical: hybrid (3)	D05V1, D06V1-V2	
LER vertical: hybrid (3)	D05V1, D06V1-V2	
LER vertical: Cu coated Ta (10)	D02V1, D05V1, D06V1-V2	Plan to deliver in this fiscal year.
LER vertical: Cu coated Ta (10)	D02V1, D05V1, D06V1-V2	Plan to deliver in this fiscal year.
LER horizontal: Ta (10)	D06H4	

Other major works (excluding Linac)



Robust collimator head (LER)

- As countermeasure against kicker-pulsar misfiring and resulting destruction of collimator
 - Replacement with carbon head of horizontal collimator D06H3 and relocation from D06H1 to D06H4
 - Carbon head production : ~ March 2023
 - Head replacement : Spring ~ Summer 2023
 - Collimator relocation : Spring ~ Summer 2023

New beam pipes with wider aperture at HER injection point

- For injection efficiency improvement
 - New beam pipes with wider aperture & New BPM for precise measurement of injected beam
 - Beam pipe production : ~ March 2023
 - Beam pipe replacement : Spring ~ Summer 2023
 - Septum baking : ~ Summer 2023?

RF cavity modification and replacement (LER)

- For stable operation with larger beam current
 - Modification : Input coupler replacement, cooling power enhancement, coaxial line modification, etc. (done)
 - Cavity replacement (D05A) : January ~ February 2023

Vacuum seal replacement at RF section (DR)

- For pressure reduction
 - Replacement from elastomer gasket to metal gasket for dummy pipes (done)

DR Extraction kicker power supply modification and repair (DR)

- For stable operation
 - Modification : December 2022 ~ August 2023

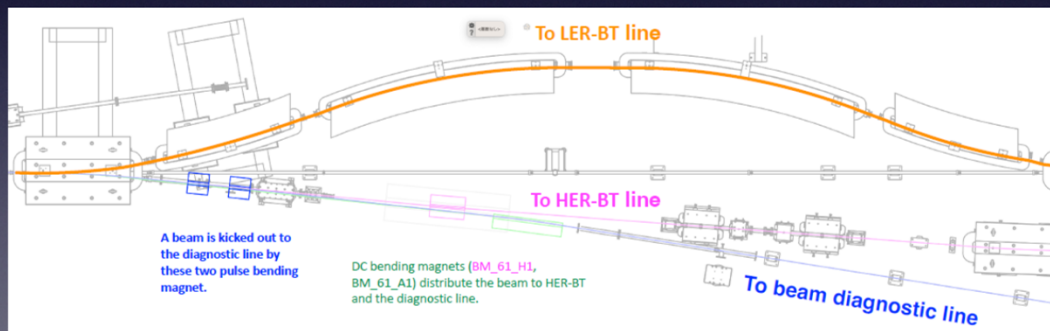
• And so on...

- Replaced 16 old accelerating structures with new ones (with larger energy gain).
 - Starting fabrication of 12 additional accelerating structures
- New fast kickers (kick first and second bunch independently), larger aperture pulsed-Qs have been installed.
 - Successful beam tuning using machine-learning method (Bayesian optimization)
- Study of BT beam blowup
 - Rejected the CSR-induced beam blowup in positron line
 - Still hunting the cause of blowups.
- Next step
 - Beam diagnostic line at SY3
 - BTe-ECS(2024-2025)
 - Beam optimization
 - etc..

Beam diagnostic line at SY3

Construction of a line for beam diagnostics amid steady-state injection

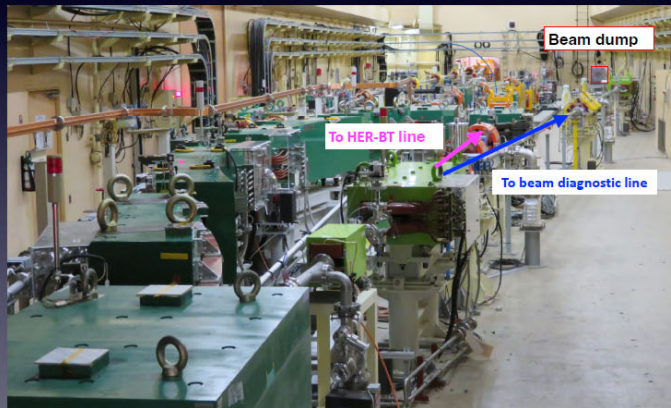
- Modification of the beam-dump line on the east side of SY3 to extract a beam at regular intervals for continuous diagnostics and data accumulation without affecting HER beam injection
- Scheduled in Summer 2024 (equipment manufacturing and procurement are in progress)
- Essential system to improve beam-control accuracy and achieve highly stable beam



T. Kamitani, T. Okayasu

Beam diagnostic line at SY3

Installation of high-precision beam diagnostic instruments



F. Miyahara

Beam position monitor



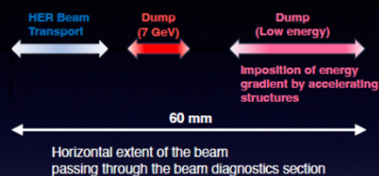
- Beam orbit measurement
- Optimization and maintenance of beam energy



Beam profile monitor

- Beam energy distribution
- Optimization and maintenance of longitudinal beam structure

Beam diagnostic line at SY3



The difference in energy appears as a difference in trajectory in the beam diagnostic line

Monitors with high resolution and wide range

Beam Position Monitor (BPM)

High-precision position measurement

- Maintain trajectory
- Energy maintenance correcting energy change



Schematic BPM

Components

- Wide-range 8-electrode BPM
- High precision DAQ

- Position resolution : 7~30 μm
- Energy resolution : < 0.01%

Beam Profile monitor (YAG screen type)

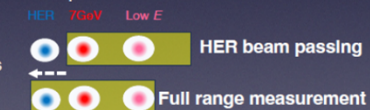
High-resolution profile measurement

- Energy distribution
- Longitudinal beam profile

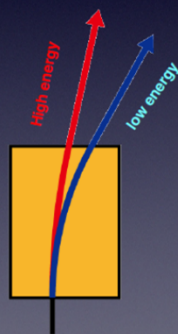
Components

- 2-stage screen
- High resolution optics

Beam profiles on YAG screen



- Resolution : 25 μm
- Energy resolution σ_E : 0.01% (\leftrightarrow required σ_E : 0.07%)



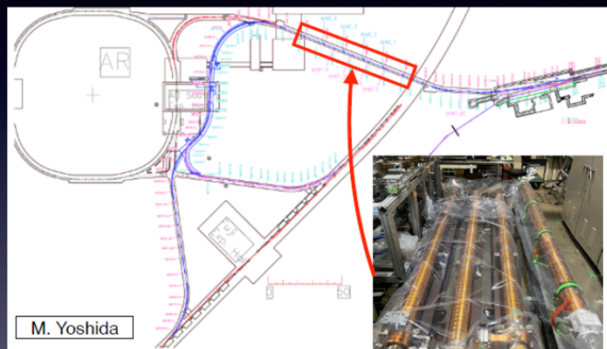
The difference in energy appears as a difference in trajectory

F. Miyahara

BTe-ECS (2024-2025)

Reduction in longitudinal beam emittance of HER by new ECS system

Schematic layout

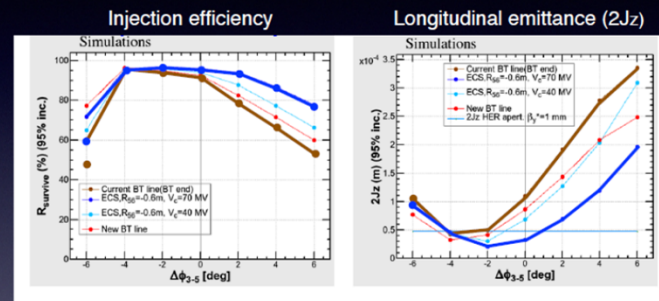


M. Yoshida

S-band 3m accelerating structure

- Equipment fabrication and procurement In progress
- Installation of RF source completed and application procedures for utilization of the RF system In progress
- High power test and radiation measurement of S-band 3m accelerating structure (transferred from SPring-8) from January 2024

Beam simulation



N. Iida, T. Yoshimoto

Simulation results

- Effective reduction in longitudinal emittance lower than HER acceptance at operating condition of $R_{56} = -0.6$ m and $V_c = 70$ MV
- Estimated injection efficiency over 95%

- Thank you so much for your participation in this 27th KEKB Accelerator Review.
- We plan to operate SuperKEKB rings at least 4.5 month.
 - 2024a 29/Jan to 31/Mar, 2024b 1/Apr to 1/Jul. 2024c 9/Oct to end of Nov.??
 - Hoping to receive supplemental operation budget to enable longer operation, especially on Mar/2025.
- Accelerator works of Long shutdown 1 was completed almost on schedule and resumed the beam operation.
- Please refer to the following presentations for the achievements of this LS1.

Backup slides